

SLIP TEST- 3 (2)

CHAPTER-3 : REFLECTION OF LIGHT BY DIFFERENT SURFACES

Name:..... Section:..... Roll No:..... Max.Marks:20

I. Answer the following questions. Each carries four marks. 2 x 4 = 8 M

1) Draw the useful rays by which we can guess the position of the image formed by a concave mirror.

2) How can you appreciate the role of spherical mirrors in our daily life?

II. Answer the following questions briefly. Each carries two marks. 2 x 2 = 4 M

3) Write any four situations that you had observe virtual images.

4) What are the characteristics of the image formed by a convex mirror?

III. Answer the following in one or two sentences. Each carries one marks. 2 x 1 = 2 M

5) Jayanth made an experiment and find out the focal length of a concave mirror as 20 cm. Prakash observed the radius of curvature of same mirror as 40 cm. – Who is correct If it forms the image of an object which is at infinite distance at 20 cm ?

6) If you want to get diminished and real image, which mirror do you select?

IV. Choose the correct choice and write down in the given brackets. 6 x 1 = 6 M

7) Generally it forms always virtual image for a real object []

A. convex B. concave C. plane D. either plane or convex

8) Magnification (m) = []

A. $\frac{v}{u}$ B. $\frac{u}{v}$ C. $\frac{h_i}{h_o}$ D. $\frac{h_o}{h_i}$

9) The distance between the pole and focus of a mirror is []

A. Radius of curvature B. Focal length
C. Distance of the object D. Distance of the image

10) Convergent mirror []

A. Convex mirror B. Concave mirror C. Plane mirror D. Plane / Convex mirror

11) E.N.T. specialist doctors use []

A. Concave mirror B. Convex mirror C. Both D. None of these

12) The distance of the Object is taken as In this situation []

- A. Positive
- B. Negative
- C. either positive or negative
- D. neither positive nor negative

